Nice Distinctions Drawn by the Court of Claims in South Carolina Casc.

AN EXCISE

BUSINESS COMMERCIAL

The State Stands on the Same Footing With Any Other Dealer.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March I.—The opinion of the majority of the Court of Claims, delivered by Chief Justice Nott, dismissing the suit brought by the State of South Carolina against the United States to recover money paid by the State as special taxes for the saile of liquors at dispensaries, was made public to-day. This, they opinion says, is believed to be the first case brought before a court in which a State has united in one undertaking an exercise of the police power with a commercial business. The court decides that the excise tax is not an interference with the State's police power. As to the contention that the Prederal government cannot tax the States or their instrumentalities of government, as upheld in the income tax cases, the opinion says that between the principle involved in them and the principle involved in them and the principle involved in the money exacted here is not a direct tax, but an excise. The theory upon which the constitutional provision rests is that an excise upon salable articles is paid by the purchaser.

LIKE ANY OTHER DEALBER.

"The State of South Carolina here stands on precisely the same footing which every other dealer stands upper. All that it has to do is to add the increal revenue excise to the price of the liquor which it sells, and let the purchaser ps it."

The second distinction is that in the recover excepts.

haser pra it."
The second distinction is that in the

income tax cases a tax had been extend-ed to "a function strictly belonging" to a State, "in its ordinary governmental espacity." . In this connection the de-

"In this case now before us the money exacted by the United States was not paid by the tax-payers of South Carolina, but by purchasers at its dispensaries; and it was not expended for ordinary governmental purposes, but as incident to carrying on its commercial business. The court does not question the power of the State to carry on this iusiness, and does not doubt that the proceeds of the business lessen the taxes of the tax-payers. All that it decides is that the business of the dispensary was, intrinsically, business and not government; and being business was subject to the same national tax which is born business."

by all other persons engaged in the same business."

RIGHT OF THE STATE.

The third distinction, the opinion says, is that in the income tax cases the money being raised for governmental purposes and expended upon governmental purposes, the purposes, though not defined, were in their nature limited. In this case there seems no such limitation, Ping opinion further says:

"The more this subject is studied, the mere clearly it appears to the court that the State has a right to the exercise of its police power, and a right to the use of all proper instrumentallities of government, and a right to enter into this commercial business of buying and selling it a profit, but that none of these ribts can be exercised as an exasion of the national government's right to impose an excise tax and to subject all presens, whether States or private corrigations or individual dealers, to the sme law."

BATTLE TO BEFOUGHT

(Continued From First Page.)

serted except for a Japanese guard.
"The Koreans are hostile to the Japan

NO PORT ARTHUR ATTACK

Report of Alleged Recent Bombardment Seems to Lack Confirmation.

(By Associated Press.)
ST. PETERSBURG, March 1.—Direct telegraphic advices received here from Port Arthur to-night make no mention of the bombardment of that place reported by the London Daily Telegraph to-day. On the contrary, these advices say the

PERMANENCE OF CURE.

The Chief Merit, Many so-called pile remedies will afford the user slight temporary relief, and

the majority of sufferers do not expect more than this. Women especially, after having tried every preparation recommended for the cure of Piles, have come to the conclusion, that there is no cure except by an operation. This is rightfully viewed with dread, because of the shock to the delicate pervous system of women, and many of those afflicted, have resigned themselves to the situation with resigned themselves to the station with heaver a thought that there is any help in sight for them. We invite the attention of all such to the experience of the lady whose address

the experience of the lady whose address is given below:

"I feel it my duty to recommend the Pyramid Pile Cure, for after suffering ten years with a most distressing form of Piles, I am entirely cured, thanks to this remedy. Anyone doubting this cen write to Margaret Brady, 156 Whitman St., Cleveland, Obio."

Ten months later she writes; "I am glad to say that I am still perfectly free from Piles, and have not had the slightest trouble since I first used your remedy, I am well known in Cleveland and have advertised Pyramid Pile Cure extensively here. I take pleasure in doing so, as it sayed me from an operation, which I always dreaded, and you are assured the remedy can have no firmer advocate than I."

Testimous like this should convince the

sured the remedy can have no firmer advocate than I."

Testimony like this should convince the most skeptical, that Pyramid Pile Cure not only cures, but cures to stay cured, It is in the form of a suppository; can be applied in the privacy of the home, directly to the parts affected, and does its work quickly and painlossly.

Druggists sell this famous remedy for fifty cents a package, and we urge all sufferers to buy a package now and giva it atrial io-night. Accept no substitutes.

Write Pyramid Drug Co., Marchall, Mich., for their little bok on the cause and cure of Pilos, which is sont free for the asking.

That's Parisian; and Paris suggests new styles. We

supply 'em-in dry goods. The coming season will show unusual changes in styles, and never have more attractive fabrics been offered.

We Show the Exclusive Things.

The newest Spring Fabrics include beautiful mixture effects, quite unlike those worn last season; new Aeolian weaves-ideal for spring costumes and skirts; Mohairs and Brilliantines in entirely new effects.

We have a splendid line.

Have You Seen 'Em?

Among so many smart things it is hard to select, but here goes: "GIANT" Negligee Shirts, for both Men and Boys.

Boys', in colors, 121/2 to 14 sizes, all at 50c. MEN'S, in white alone, all sizes, two values, 50c, and 59c IMPERIAL LONG CLOTH, 12 yards in place, at \$1.25, instead of \$1.50. DOUBLE WARP HERCULES CLOTH, 36 inches, value, 18c. The very

ideal for Skirts. Opened to-day for your spring needs.

MEN'S SILK Four-in-Hand, and Club Ties, extra long, value 25c. Ladles' Embroidered End Ties, all valued at the one thing, 25c. BLACK GOODS-Don't know why, but it's a hobby with us. We have the kind the other fellows don't have. That's the exclusive patterns in Sicilians

THE STORE VALUE. Where Style and Taste Meet.

Three Hundred and Nine

East Broad Street.

Japanese fleet has disappeared from the horizon of Port Arthur.

The Attack on Friday.

The Attack on Friday.

(By Associated Press.)

CHE FOO, March 1.—An official dispatch says that the Japanese renewed the attack on Port Arthur on the morning of Febnuary 25th. The fleet kept beyond the range of all but the most powerful land batterles. The engagement lasted one hour, the Japanese then retiring. Their loss is unknown. The Russian cruiser Askold had one gun dismounted and two men injured.

At low water on February 25th the Russians discovered a Japanese torpedo boat the country of the outer harbor. They also found five unexploded torpedoes.

Port Arthur was quiet yesterday.

Wounded Engineers.

Wounded Engineers.

Wounded Engineers.

NAGASAKI, JAPAN, March I.—Seven wounded engineers arrived at Easebo yesterday from the stone-laden merchant steamers sunk off Post Arthur February 24th. The sinking of the vessels was managed by wires connecting them with the Japanese torpedo boat destroyers.

JAPAN WILL BUILD ROAD.

One to be Constructed From Seoul to Wiju for Mili-

tary Purposes.

May Abandon South Manchuria May Adamon South Match 1.—A copy of the Dalny Vostok, which has just arrived here, contains a significant argument in favor of Russia abandoning South Manchurfa and retaining the northern portion of the province, which, the paper contends, naturally belongs to the Amuraerlon.

Return to Vladivostock. Return to Vladivostock.

VIADIVOSTOCK, March 1.—Certain Russian newspaper correspondents and residents of Vladivostock, who left here a short time ago, have returned. They say they found the conditions of living at Nikoisk and Harbin to be less favorable than here.

Everything is quiet at Vladivostock. The rise in the price of provisions has been slight, and trade continues. The bilizard has ceased, and there are now snow-drifts stretching for sixty or seventy miles from the fortress.

JAPS AT ICHIO-YANG.

Occupy the Korean Town and Are Fortifying Its Walls. Russians Are Near.

(By Associated Press.)

LIAO-YANG, MANCHURIA, March 1 .-The Japanese have occupied tehio-Yang, Korea, and are now fortifying the walls of the town. This was the objective point of General Mishtchenko, who with a de of General Mishtchenko, who with a ce-tachment of mounted Cossacks, as an-nounced yesterday, had reached Kasanja, Korea, and was expected to arrive at Ichio-Yang yesterday. A detachment of Russian troops is in the neighborhood of Ichio-Yang. The Koreans are averse to giving the Russiaus information re-garding the movements of the Japa-nese.

The Chinese troops around Llau Che are being reinforced: Yuan-Shi-Kai, the Chinese commander-in-chief, has ten

The Chinese troops around that the are being reinforced; Yuan-Shi-Kal, the Chinese commander-in-chief, has ten thousand men near Junipin-Fu, while fifteen thousand men are with General Ms. Fresh troops are arriving in the province of Chi-Li.

Is a Military City.

YIN KOW, March 1.—Liao-Yang, Manchuria, is now essentially a military city. An area comprising three and a third square miles adjoining the railroad has been enclosed for a military camp and magazine purposes. There is also a military camp at Hai Cheng, Manchuria (thirty-two miles from New Chwang) which, with its defenses covers 1,000 acres

General Staff and Regiment.

General Staff and Regiment.
TOKIO, March 1.—The general staff
and a resiment of the guards left Japan
to-day for a port on the west coast of
Korea, probably Chemulpo.

Searching for Contrabands.
PORT SAID, EGYPT, March 1.—The
five Russian torpedo boat destroyers
which arrived here to-day have already
left in the diraction of Algiers. It is
rumored that they intend to search for
the Meditterenean. The Russian cruiser
Aurora will follow them.

Invulnerable to Bullets. (By Associated Press.)
ST. PDTFRSBURG, March 1.—Mail advices from Vladivostock say that five hundred Chinese brigands are terrorising

Yavantee, proclaims himself invulnerable to bullets
Letters from Vladlvostock, dated February 17th, state that the warships in the harbor on that date were the Rossia, Gromobo I. and Rurik and the transport Moskova. The port was frozen hard and the ice-breaker was scarcely able to clear the channel. the ice-breaker was scarcely able to clear the channel. Two Japanese attempted to blow up a dock at Vladivostock, but did not suc-ced. They escaped.

RUSSIANS GATHERING.

Small Detachments at Chong-Ju and Other Places-Americans at Ping Yang.

(By Associated Press.)
SEOUL, KOREA, March 1.—Advices from the north report that 1,400 Russians are at Chong Ju, 500 at Kusong, and 50 at Anju. These forces are probably only feelers sent out to locate the position of the Japanese

the Japanese.

All the Americans formerly at Sun Chun with the exception of one family have arrived at Ping Yang.

The Emperor of Korea has dissolved the organization of the Peddler's Guild, which has been a disturbing factor in the situation.

Movements of Generals.

(By Associated Press.)
ST. PETERSBURG, March 1.—General Kuropatkin has returned to St. Petersburg from his home, where he went to take leave of his family. His departure for the front remains fixed for March 11th. Vice-Admiral Makaroff is expected to reach Port Arthur March 11th.

THE VICKSBURG INCIDENT.

Statement of Commander Marshall Calculated to Clear Up Situation.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG. March 1.—All the papers here pint prominently this morning, but without comment. Commander Marshall's report of the Vicksburg includent off Chemulpo, Korea, and the reasons assigned in the United States for his not uniting in the protest of other naval commanders against the action of the Japanese. These statements will doubtless clear up the misapprehension existing here concerning the affair. Coming simultaneously with the announcement that the State Department had decided to countermand the orders that Edwin V. Morgan, appointed United States counsul at Port Dalny, proceed to his post, Commander Marshall's report should have good effect in allaying the anti-Ancrican irritation.

WAS NOT FOR PEACE.

Japanese Minister Declares That While Thus Professing Russia Was Preparing for War.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Japanese minister to-day gave an authorized statement to the government relative to Russian allegations that Japan was guilty of a breach of international law in not declaring war and of treachery in attacking Russia, who was bent on peace. The statement says Russia, while delaying negotiations, extended her naval and military preparations, increasing her Far Eastern fleet by nineteen vessels and augmenting her forcas by 40.00 men, besides fortifying strategic points. The statement \$80.50.

menting her forces by 40,000 men, besider fortifying strategic points. The statement suys:

"From these military and nayal preparations of every description, made during the progress of the negotiations, it is quite evident that Russia was not inclined to a friendly settlement of the questions then under discussion between Japan and herself, but sought solely by her military preponderance to force Japan into submission. During the latter part of January and up to the beginning of February Russian military activity was still turther intensified.

"Seeing that the stuation had become so critical that it admitted of no further delay, the Japanese government was compelled to broak off negotiations that had proved abortive, and to take the necessary steps for self-protection.

"It is the almost unanimous opination of international Jurists that a declaration of war is not an indispensible prerequisite to the opening of hostilities, indeed, it has been the common practice in recent wars to declare war after hostilities have been not open to the least criticism in this regard. From the standpoint of international presents in this regard. From the standpoint of international internations in the regard. From the standpoint of international presents was to declare war after hostilities have been the common practice in recent wars to declare war after hostilities have been the property of the present wars to declare war after hostilities have been the property of the present wars to declare war after hostilities in the present was to declare war after hostilities in the present wars to declare war after hostilities have been the property of the present wars to declare war after hostilities have been the property of the present wars to declare war after hostilities in the present was to declare war after hostilities in the present was to declare war after hostilities have been the property of the present was to declare was after hostilities have been the present was to declare was after hostilities have been the present was

The most wonderful medi-cine for all bronchial affections.
Of great service in subduing hourseness. Fac. Simila of Al & Account for por

WINNERS IN THE CUT-UP PICTURE PUZZLE CONTEST.

First Prize-WALTER H. HOOD, 1227 Floyd Avenue. Second Prize-MISS HAZELLE SHACKELFORD, 2706 East

Third Prize-MISS LOUISE FRISCHKORN, 102 East Main

In accordance with the terms of the Cut-Up Picture Puzzle Contest, which was published on the want ad. page of The Times-Dispatch last Sunday, the contest was closed yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock and the prizes duly awarded. The solution of the puzzle is the name of a well-known and very popular citizen and city official—J. TAYLOR STRATTON. The prizes were carefully awarded and the winners are announced above. Their theatre tickets were mailed to them last

national law it must be acknowledged that the charge made against her does not come with good grace from Russia. Insamuch as there are many historical instances of Russia herself resorting to hostilities without declaring war."

IS' BECOMING SERIOUS.

Count Cassini and Secretary Hay Confer as to Unfriendly Criticisms of the Press.

Confer as to Unfriendly Criticisms of the Press.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 1.—An important conference, lasting more than an hour, occurred to-duy between Secretary Hay and Count Cassini, the Russiau ambassador. The growing ill feeling in Russia against Americans, and the continued attacks of certain parts of the American press against Russia, was the main subject discussed.

Count Cassini also informally inquired about the report that the Commercial Cable Company had applied for landing privileges at Guam for a cable from that island to Jipan. He was assured by Mr. Hay that this government at present was considering no such application.

To a correspondent of the Associated Press Count Cassini said that it had been a bitter disappointment to the Russian people to find American newspaper; attacking the Russian Government, the Russian people of find American newspaper; attacking the Russian is of the people had been one of painful surprise, but that this is now crystallizing into a deplorable feeling of unfriendliness.

"The tone of Russian newspapers, said the ambassador," a consequence of the tone of many American newspapers, is beginning to take a very painful direction in their influences to the United States, and, in my opinion it is in the interest shall be taken to check this before it is too late.

"What is the cause of the present unfriendly policy of the Russian press towards this country?" the ambassador was asked.

The ambassador replied: "It is the constant unfriendly feeling oxpressed in many American newspapers, as the country of the cause of the present unfriendly feeling oxpressed in many American newspapers against Russia. I am sure that when these attacks, which so far as Russia can see are without cause, end the relations of Russia and the United States will no longer be clouded."

Count Cassini defended the Russian position as to Manchuria, saying assur-ance, had been effect to all the powers

Count Cassini defended the Russian position as to Manchuria, saying assurances had been given to all the powers that the commercial rights there will be protected, and said he had been repeatedly assured by the officials here that it is the earnest wish of the United States to maintain the old traditional triendship between the United States and Russia.

Fired Upon Torpedo Boat.

(By Associated Press.)
PORT ARTHUR, Monday, February
29.—The Russian torpodo boat which
sought refuge in Pigeon (Bay, February
26th, was subjected to a terrific fire from the Japanese cruisers. One shot pierced her hull. The boat was herebed, the leak was stopped, she was refloated at high water and returned to Port Arthur.

Troops in Fine Spirits.

(By Associated Press.)

MUKDEN, MANCHURIA, March 1.—
The troops are in excellent spirits, expecting to meet the Japanese soon. The Japanese fleet has not attacked Port Arthur since February 26th. The Japanese are greatly discouraged by their failure to block the harbor.

DWELLING BURNED.

Mr. J. Harvey Blair Loses All His Personal Property.

BON AIR, March 1.-The two story rame, tin roof building, owned by Mrs A. Freeman Parker, of Richmond, occupied as a residence by Mr. J. Harvey Blair, was burned to-night with nearly all its contents.

The fire originated in the kitchen, while Mr. and Mrs. Blair were attending a meeting of the Chatsuqua. Club in session were the chatsuqual club in session were the control of the chatsuqual club in session were the control of the chatsuqual club. sion some distance up the street.

Two small boys discovered the fire at

Two small boys discovered the life at 23:6 o'clock, and gave the alarm by ringing the church bell near by.

The fire had gained such headway that nothing could be saved, except the parlor furniture and plane farthest from the point where the fire commenced.

The insurance on the house is said to have expired. Mr. Blair's effects were partially insured but his loss is heavy, as tally insured, but his loss is heavy, as all the personal effects of himself and Mrs. Blair were burned, including oven her bridal ring and all their clothing. The building destroyed was located op-posite the hotel recently burned.

SECOND ATTEMPT AT POISONING

A Persistent Attempt to Exterminate the Sells Family.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
SALISBURY, N. C., March 1.—The
family of Mr. H. H. Sells, of Rowan
county, six of whom were daugerously poinoned last week, were again the victim of a second attempted poisoning on Saturday night. With one exception the members of the family have recovered, it is learned, sufficiently to be out of bed when the recurrence of the trouble came. Mrs. Sell's condition is extremely critical, Mrs. Sel's condition is extremely efficial, and she is not expected to live many days, while the other sufferers are in more or less danger. It is now certain that an enemy of the household is seeking to exterminate the family, though no arrests have as yet been made owing to a lack of sufficient evidence to convict

The food which is now furnished to the The food which is now furnished to the victims is prepared in the sick room for fear of still further attempts to end their lives. It is believed that the poison was administered through the coffee, and it can be proven that a box of rough on rules has procured recently by a party well's said to have had an opportunity to sell it into the family pantry.

THE BUILDERS LOST MONEY

Effort to Reimburse Trigg Yard and Others Who Built Torpedo Boats.

HAY IS IMPATIENT

Does Not Propose to Let His Bill to Unearth Fraud Sleep in Republican Committee.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, D. C., March 1.-Th Committee on Claims is now engaged in considering the bill introduced by Representative Powers, of Massachusetts, for the relief of certain builders of torpedo boats for the government, and who lost that the contractors shall be paid the actual cost of the construction of the vessels instead of the contract price. The the builders who lost money want now bill will not be reported for some days, but the friends of the measure are hope-ful of a favorable report. It is likely that there will also be a minority report from the committee, in which opposition will be manifested to the payment of the claims.

The William R. Trigg Shipbuilding Com-

pany, of Richmond, is one of the claimants mentioned in the bill. It is understood that the total amount which understood that he total amount which would be paid the company in case of the passage of the pending bill would be about half a million dollars. Mr. Lilburn T. Myers, president of the company, is in the city in the interest of the measure.

THE BUILDERS. The vessels to be paid for in accordance with the terms of the proposed act are the twelve torpedo boats, and the sixteen destroyers authorized by the naval the tweive corpean beats, and the sixteen destroyers authorised by the naval bill of 1838. Other companies besides the Trigg Company, who are complainants under the bill are the Bath Iron Works, of Bath, Me.; the George Lawley & Son Corporation, of Boston, Mass.; the Fore River Ship and Ship and Engine Company, of Quincy, Mass.; the Gas Engine and Power Company, and Charles L. Seabury and Company Consolidated, of New York; Lewis Nixon, of the Cresent Shipyard, of Elizabeth, N. J.; the Harlan & Hollingsworth Company, of Wilmington, Del.; the Maryland Steel Company, of Baltimore, Md.; the Columbia Iron Works and Dry Dock Company, of Baltimore, Md.; the Columbia Iron Works and Dry Dock Company, of Baltimore, Md.; the Columbia Promises of San Francisco, Cal.

A board of naval officers, presided over by Admiral Ramsay, fixed the fair cost of these bests without sevents and policy of the columbia these without sevents and the control of the columbia the state of the columbia the columbia the state of the columbia the columbia the columbia the state of the columbia the columbia the columbia the colum

A board of naval omeers, presented over by Admiral Ramsay, fixed the fair cost of these boats without profit in 1902 at \$221,300 for each torpedo boat, and \$371,-200 for each destroyer. The contract prices were under these.

MR. HAY WILL STIR THEM. MR. HAY WILL STIR THOM.
Represoniative James Hay, of Virginia, said to-day that he had almost lost all lope of having his resolution for an investigation of the corruption in the Post-office Department reported from the Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads, to which it was referred. He said that he was going to wait a few days longer. mittee on Postomces and Post Rollas, to which it was referred. He said that he was going to wait a few days longer, and if at the expiration of that time the resolution had not been reported he would endeavor to have the committee discharged from its further consideration and have the House act upon it. The resolution provides only for an invostigation of the charges made by Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow to the effect that members of Congress were implicated in certain of the frauds in the department. The resolution was privileged, and as such obtained immediate consideration. A motion to discharge the committee from further consideration of the resolution would also be privileged. Mr. Hay thought at one time that the committee would report the resolution, and he was the recipient of warm congratulations from Democratic members on his having succeeded in securing the passage of a resolution which would bring about an investigation of postal frauds. But the committee has allowed the resolution to sleep, and it will not be roused from its slumbors until awakened by Mr. Hay.

FRAUD A-PLENTY.

FRAUD A-PLENTY.

"The committee has in its possession evidence of the compileity of members of Congress in postal frands," he said to-day, "but it is impossible for even members of the committee to gain possession of the facts. The Republicans are eletermined not to allow the evidence to got to the public. The subcommittee has had access to it, but not even the Boublicans who are not on the subcommittee are allowed to see !t. Mr. Overmittee are allowed to see! Mr. Overmittee are allowed to see! Mr. Overmittee, has been ill for some days, which may be urged as an excuse for the non-action of the committee."

There will be some lively debata when Mr. Hay seeks to have the committee discharged from further consideration of the rosolution. He is not very confident of success, but he will at least make the Republicans of the House of Representatives say to the country that they will not allow Congress to even investigate charges of corruption against its own members. FRAUD A-PLENTY.

RHEUMATISM
CURED IN EVERY CASE.
Muscular, Gouty, Sciatio, Infammatory. PRESCRIPTION 100,384 A HARMLESS TREATMENT based on Science and Sense. Cures 'Incurables.' Sod's Espicas. At druggist, 78c, Bottle. Booklet mailed free. WH E. MULLES, UNIVERSITY PLACE, MEN' 1985.

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY

TROUBLE AND DON'T KN

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue

To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy, Will

Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Do for YOU, Every Reader of The Times-Dispatch May

fatal results are sure to follow. Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health, A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

51 COTTAGE ST., MELROSE, MASS. Dear Sir:

"Ever since I was in the Army I had more pleas kidney trouble and within the past."

"Ever since I was in the Army I had more pleas kidney trouble and within the past."

"Ever since I was in the Army I had more pleas kidney trouble and within the past."

53 COTTAGE ST., MELROSE, MASS, Dear Sir. Jan. 1th, 1904.

"Ever since I was in the Army I had more or less kidney trouble, and within the past year It became so severe and complicated that I suffered everything and was much alarmed—my strongth and power was fast leaving ine. I saw an advertisement of Swamp-Root and wrote asking for advice. I began the use of the medicine and noted a decided improvement after taking Swamp-Root and wrote asking for advice. I began the use of the medicine and noted a decided improvement after taking Swamp-Root on the second of the second o

Dear Sir:

Dear Sir:

Dear Sir:

"Ever since I was in the Army I had more of less kidney trouble, and within the past year it became so severe and complicate that I suffered covery thing seems of the serving me. I make an advertisement of the serving me. I make a serving

SENSATIONAL DISCLOSURES

Long Budget of New Scandals for Postoffice Investigators to Handle.

MANY SAID TO BE IMPLICATED

Mr. Hay Will Now Move to Discharge Committee From Consideration of His Bill.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., March I.—An interesting side light has just been thrown upon the postoffice scandals. It was learned to-night that the Postoffice Department in response to a request from a subcommittee of the House Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads to which was referred the resolution introduced by Mr. Hay, has prepared a list of over was referred the resolution introduced by Mr. Hay, has prepared a list of over seven hundred cases of violations of the civil service regulations and revised statutes, by members of Congress and senators in connection with postal af-

In part, to be used as postoffices.

WORKED FOR RELATIVES.

It is said there are seven instances in which members or senators have used their influence to have relatives or close friends appointed to places in the postal service and in violation of civil service regulations have then had their salaries increased out of all proportion to the importance of the positions.

It is understood that several hundred of the cuses have to do with the increases in salaries and allowances for postoffice clerks in which senators and members have succeeded having these increases made, though the receipts of the offices affected did not show the increases required by law. Former Chief Clerk Beavers, of the division of salaries and allowances, of the Postoffice Department, is now under indictment for fraud in connection with these increases.

The deduction from the report is that members and senators are likewise implicated.

members and senators are likewise impli-cated.

The report has been in the hands of the committee for some time and has

been most jealously guarded. But Mr. Hay said to-day that at the earliest opportunity, he would move to discharge the committee from further consideration of his resolution and have it acted on by the whole House. It is impossible to see how the House can refuse to order an investigation now, as the report specifying the complicity of members and senators and frauds and irregularities will almost certainly be made public.

TWO RESOLUTIONS NOW.

An inv-sitigation of the Postoffice Department by a special committee of the House of Representatives is being urged by the minority members of the House Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads. A resolution to this end, introduced in the House January 5th last by Representive Hay (Dem. of Va.), was duplicated to day by Representative Cowherd (Dem.

the House January ath last by Applicated to-day by Representative Cowherd (Demor Mo.). Mr. Cowherd is a member of the Postoffice Committee; Mr. Flay is not, and the reintreduction of the resolution is regarded as a move to bring the matter to a head in the noar future.

Mr. Hay declared that he would ask the House to d'scharge the committee from consideration of his resolution demanding an investigation, and have the same called up in the House for the consideration of that body.

TURKISH CRUISER LEAVES

Sailed for Constantinople, Manned by American Crew.

ned by American Crew.

(Rv Associated Press.)

PHILADELPHIA. PA., March 1.—The new Turkish cruiser Meddidia, built at Cramp's shippard, sailed to-day for Constantinople. On the way down the Delaware River she stopped at Fort Miffin and took aboard one hundred tons of ammunition. The cruiser then proceeded to Norfolk to be placed in commission, af which she will leave for her gun trials off the Delaware capes. On the completion of the trial the Meddidia will coal at Hampton Roads and sail for the Dardanelles, touching en route at St. Thomas, Madeira, Lus Palmas, Gibraltar, Aufers and Malta. The vessel is manued by american crew, most of her officers being connected with the Cramp Shipbuilding Company.

Rent a box in the strong fire and burglar proof vault of The State Bank of Vir-inia. Charges moderate.

Bears the
Bignature
Chart Hutchirs

READ THE WANT PAGES

carefully. You will find in them what you have been looking for. Times-Dispatch want columns are great want satisfiers.

PHONE 649 FOR THE WANT AD. MAN. -HE WILL COME.